UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JEREMY LEVIN and DR. LUCILLE LEVIN,

Plaintiffs,

-V-

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, JPMORGAN CHASE & CO., JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE, and CITIBANK, N.A.

Defendants

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, JPMORGAN CHASE & CO., JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE, and CITIBANK, N.A.

Third-Party Plaintiffs,

-v-

STEVEN M. GREENBAUM, et al.

Third-Party Defendants.

(FILED PARTIALLY UNDER SEAL DUE TO CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER)

Civ. No. 09 CV 5900 (RPP) (MHD)

JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT TO STATEMENT OF UNDISPUTED FACTS IN SUPPORT OF THE

MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO LOCAL
RULE 56.1

STROOCK & STROOCK & HOWARTH & SMITH

LAVAN LLP Curtis C. Mechling James L. Bernard Benjamin Weathers-Lowin 180 Maiden Lane New York, New York 10038 (213) 806-5400

Attorneys for the Greenbaum and Acosta Judgment Creditors

Don Howarth 523 West Sixth Street Suite 728 Los Angeles, California 90014 (213) 955-9400

Suzelle M. Smith

Attorneys for the Levins

DLA PIPER LLP (US)

Cary B. Samowitz Timothy H. Bimbaum 1251 Avenue of the Americas, 27th Fl. New York, New York 10020 (212) 335-4659

- and -

Richard M. Kremen (admitted pro hac vice)

Dale K. Cathell (admitted pro hac vice)

DLA Piper LLP (US) 6225 Smith Ave. Baltimore, MD 21209 410-580-3000

Attorneys for Heiser Judgment Creditors

The Judgment Creditors¹, by their undersigned counsel, respectfully submit the following

Response and Counterstatement to Statement of Undisputed Facts in Support of the



Motion for Summary Judgment Pursuant to Local Rule 56.1.

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
1. The intended beneficiary of the was the	Disputed. Citibank identified the beneficiary of the as The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the "Opecl."), is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Levin v. Bank of New York, No. 09-5900 (RPP) (MHD) (ECF Dkt. No. 438); see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
the financial institution serving the was described as the intended	Disputed. Citibank identified the beneficiary of the as The evidence	See Levin v. Bank of New York, No. 09-5900 (RPP) (MHD) (ECF Dkt. No. 438); see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-

¹ Unless otherwise noted, all capitalized terms have the same meaning as given in the Judgment Creditors Supplemental Memorandum of Law in Support of Judgment Creditors' Renewed Joint Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Single Phase Two Asset ("Judgment Creditors' Motion").

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
beneficiary by mistake.	upon which the support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	403, 602, 701, 801.
had no right to the funds constituting the beyond its role as a financial institution serving its client, the . The was intended for the benefit alone.	Disputed. Citibank identified the beneficiary of the as This Court has held that a Beneficiary and a Beneficiary Bank have an interest in assets at issue in this litigation sufficient to warrant turnover pursuant to FSIA 1610(g) and TRIA. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Levin v. Bank of New York, No. 09-5900 (RPP) (MHD) (ECF Dkt. No. 438); see also Levin v. Bank of New York, No. 09-5900 (RPP) (MHD) (ECF Dkt. No. 925) Opinion & Order ("Phase Two Turnover Order") at 20-21, 27; see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

	MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
4.	After OFAC "carefully reviewed the information presented and otherwise available to it in connection with [the]," OFAC authorized the return of the to the	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, Exhibit A to the Declaration of Scott K. McCulloch in Support of Third-Party Defendant Motion for Summary Judgment and Opposition to Judgment Creditors' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment ("McCulloch Decl."), is lacking foundation, not authenticated, and/or hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 801, 901.
5.	OFAC did so by license dated March 13, 2014, authoring the return of the back to the	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, Exhibit A to the McCulloch Decl., is lacking foundation, not authenticated, and/or hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 801, 901.
6.	The purpose of the was to provide assistance to the by defraying the substantial cost of participating in international "away" matches.	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration,	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

	MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
		and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	
7.	Citibank blocked the on February 2, 2010 after it was initiated on January 28, 2010. As a result, the EFT never reached the or its bank,	Undisputed.	
8.	The error was not noticed until after the EFT was blocked by Citibank, N.A.	Disputed. Citibank identified the beneficiary of the as The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Levin v. Bank of New York, No. 09-5900 (RPP) (MHD) (ECF Dkt. No. 438); see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
9.	Both the and the EFT's intended beneficiary, the submitted timely unblocking applications to OFAC.	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
	statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	
10. The Court in the Phase Two Order explicitly declined to address whether or not FSIA § 1610(g) could "independently provide a basis for preemption of state law and execution of blocked EFTs."	Disputed. The Court in Phase Two specifically held that "EFTs are Subject to Attachment Under TRIA § 201(a) and FSIA § 1610(g)" and rejected the argument to the contrary.	See Phase Two Turnover Order at 16-18.
11. The is not an organization listed on the Specially Designated Nationals ("SDN") List.	Undisputed.	
12. The is well known to OFAC, through the instant applications and previous applications and reviews related to the including those relating to	Disputed. The refers to "McCulloch Decl. Exs. 3-5," which do not exist. Presumably, is referring to Exhibit C to the McCulloch Decl., "an article published in the New York Times entitled The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, Exhibit C to the McCulloch Decl., is lacking foundation, not authenticated, and/or hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 801, 901.
13. The has performed extensive review,	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403,

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
including on-side observation of the last election of leadership, and confirmed that the is in compliance with	support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	602, 701, 801.
14. The provide that a may be suspended if state authorities interfere in its affairs in such a significant way that:	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
15. The review of the last election for leadership of the was conducted in close collaboration with the	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
	statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	
requires members	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, Exhibit E to the McCulloch Decl., is lacking foundation, not authenticated, irrelevant, and/or hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 801, 901.
17. The previously for a period from November 23, 2006 to December 19, 2006, is currently a	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
18. The previously for a period from November 23, 2006 to December 19, 2006, is	Disputed. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, Exhibits D and E to the McCulloch Decl., are lacking foundation, not authenticated, irrelevant, inadmissible opinion testimony of a lay	See Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 701, 801, 901.

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
	witness, and/or hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	
19. The has confirmed through its reviews that the enjoys no exclusive rights in Iran.	It thus holds exclusive rights to manage soccer in Iran. The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See Declaration of James M. Dorsey in Support of Judgment Creditors' Reply in Support of Renewed Joint Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Single Phase Two Asset and Opposition to Defendant Motion for Summary Judgment ("July 19 Dorsey Decl.") at ¶ 17; see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
20. As part of its review for the has determined that the does not issue shares or any other	Disputed. A majority of the are owned by the Government of Iran or Iranian governmental optities or have other	See Declaration of James M. Dorsey in Support of Judgment Creditors Renewed Joint Motion for Partial
issue shares or any other form of ownership interest, and that the Government of Iran does not own any part of the or otherwise hold	entities or have other substantial ties to the Government of Iran, and the Government of Iran has a substantial ownership interest in the The evidence	Summary Judgment on Single Phase Two Asset ("June 1 Dorsey Decl.") at ¶ 17; see also July 19 Dorsey Decl. at ¶ 4; see also Affidavit of Dr. Patrick
any form of ownership	upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the	Clawson in Support of Judgment Creditors'

MATERIAL FACTS	JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT	RECORD SUPPORT
interest.	Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	Renewed Joint Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Single Phase Two Asset ("May 30 Clawson Aff.") at ¶ 23; see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.
21. As part of its review for the has determined that the does not employ members of the government.	Disputed. The and its members routinely hire Mr. Dorsey has also testified that The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is therefore no admissible evidence presented by in support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.	See June 1 Dorsey Decl. at ¶ 27; see also July 19 Dorsey Decl. at ¶¶ 14-16; see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

MATERIAL FACTS

Two Asset showing that

the government of Iran

established the

22. There is no evidence, competent or not, submitted in support of Judgment Creditors' Renewed Joint Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Single Phase inadmis

JUDGMENT CREDITORS' RESPONSE AND COUNTERSTATEMENT

Disputed. The Government of Iran organized the

The evidence upon which the relies in support of this assertion, the Decl., is irrelevant, inadmissible opinion of a lay

witness, lacks foundation, lacks personal knowledge, is an improper legal conclusion, is a conclusory statement unsupported by other factual statements in the declaration, and is hearsay. There is

therefore no admissible evidence presented by support of this assertion of undisputed material fact.

6; see also Fed. R. Evid. 401-403, 602, 701, 801.

RECORD SUPPORT

See July 19 Dorsey Decl. at ¶

Dated: Los Angeles, California July 21, 2014

HOWARTH & SMITH

/s/ Suzelle M. Smith

Suzelle M. Smith Don Howarth 523 West Sixth Street, Suite 728 Los Angeles, California 90014 (213) 955-9400 ssmith@howarth-smith.com dhowarth@howarth-smith.com

Attorney for the Levin Plaintiffs and Judgment Creditors

and

STROOK & STROOCK & LAVAN LLP

Curtis C. Mechling James L. Bernard Benjamin Weathers-Lowin 180 Maiden Lane New York, New York 10038 (213) 806-5400

cmechling@stroock.com jbernard@stroock.com bweatherslowin@stroock.com

Attorneys for the Greenbaum and Acosta Judgment Creditors

and

DLA PIPER LLP (US)

Cary B. Samowitz
Timothy Bimbaum
1251 Avenue of the Americas, 27th Floor
New York, New York 10020-1104
212-335-4659

Facsimile: 212-884-8459 Cary.samowitz@dlapiper.com Timothy.bimbaum@dlapiper.com

and

Richard M. Kremen (admitted pro hac vice)
Dale K. Cathell (admitted pro hac vice)
DLA Piper LLP (US)
6225 Smith Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21209
410-580-3000
Richard.kremen@dlapiper.com
Dale.cathell@dlapiper.com

Attorneys for Heiser Judgment Creditors